

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

FORM SD

Specialized Disclosure Report

KLA CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

000-09992

(Commission File Number)

04-2564110

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

One Technology Drive, Milpitas, California
(Address of principal executive offices)

95035
(Zip Code)

Scott Bostic (408) 875-8050

(Name and telephone number, including area code, of the person to contact in connection with this report)

Check the appropriate box to indicate the rule pursuant to which this form is being filed, and provide the period to which the information in this form applies:

Rule 13p-1 under the Securities Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13p-1) for the reporting period from January 1 to December 31, 2019.

Section 1 - Conflict Minerals Disclosure

Item 1.01 Conflict Minerals Disclosure and Report

A copy of the Conflict Minerals Report of KLA Corporation (the "Company") for the reporting period from January 1, 2019 to December 31, 2019 is filed as Exhibit 1.01 to this Specialized Disclosure Report on Form SD and is publicly available at <http://ir.kla.com/financial-information/sec-filings>.

The content of any website referred to in this Form SD is included for general information only and is not incorporated by reference into this Form SD or the attached Conflict Minerals Report.

Item 1.02 Exhibit

In accordance with Rule 13p-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and this Form SD, the Company has filed a Conflict Minerals Report, which is attached as Exhibit 1.01 to this Form SD.

The information in Items 1.01 and 1.02 of this Specialized Disclosure Report on Form SD and the exhibit attached hereto shall not be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing by the Company under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.

Section 2 - Exhibits

Item 2.01 Exhibits

The following exhibit is filed herewith:

| Exhibit No. | Description |
|--------------------|--|
| <u>1.01</u> | <u>KLA Corporation Conflict Minerals Report for the reporting period from January 1, 2019 to December 31, 2019</u> |

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the duly authorized undersigned.

KLA CORPORATION

Date: May 21, 2020

By: /s/ Virendra A. Kirloskar
Name: Virendra A. Kirloskar
Title: Senior Vice President and
Chief Accounting Officer

KLA Corporation
Conflict Minerals Report for the
Reporting Period from January 1, 2019 to December 31, 2019

Introduction

This Conflict Minerals Report for KLA Corporation (“KLA”, “Company”, “we,” or “our”) for the reporting period from January 1, 2019 to December 31, 2019 is presented to comply with Rule 13p-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Rule”). The Rule was adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) to implement reporting and disclosure requirements related to conflict minerals (as that term is defined below) as directed by the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act. The Rule imposes certain reporting obligations on each U.S. publicly traded company whose manufactured products contain columbite-tantalite, cassiterite, wolframite (or their derivatives tantalum, tin and tungsten, respectively), or gold (collectively referred to as “conflict minerals,” regardless of their geographic origin and whether or not they fund armed conflict in the Democratic Republic of Congo or adjoining countries (collectively, the “Covered Countries”)) that are necessary to the functionality or production of the company’s products. In summary, the Rule requires each of these U.S. publicly traded companies to conduct a reasonable inquiry with respect to the sourcing of the conflict minerals that such company uses in its products and file a description of the inquiry performed and the results of such inquiry. If a company determines or has reason to believe that these conflict minerals may have originated or did originate from the Covered Countries, and were not or may not be derived from scrap or recycled sources, the Rule requires such company to exercise due diligence on the source and chain of custody of the conflict minerals, including making an effort to determine whether trade in these minerals directly or indirectly finances or benefits armed groups in the Covered Countries, and to provide a Conflict Minerals Report as an exhibit to its Form SD.

KLA is committed to complying with the Rule. KLA does not have a direct relationship with conflict minerals smelters or refiners. Accordingly, with respect to the classification and certification of smelters and refiners, we have relied upon the activities, conclusions and reporting from the RMI Responsible Business Alliance Responsible Minerals Initiative (“RMI”) and Responsible Minerals Assurance Process (“RMAP”).

Company Business and Products for 2019

KLA is engaged primarily in the design, manufacture and marketing of process control and yield management solutions for the semiconductor and related nanoelectronics industries. We provide advanced process control solutions for manufacturing wafers and reticles, integrated circuits, packaging, light emitting diodes (LED), power devices, compound semiconductor devices, microelectromechanical systems, data storage products, printed circuit board (PCB), flat panel display (FPD) and general materials research. In addition, SPTS Technologies, a KLA company, designs, manufactures, sells, and supports etch, physical vapor deposition (PVD), chemical vapor deposition (CVD) and molecular vapor deposition (MVD) capital equipment, providing advanced wafer processing technologies and solutions for the semiconductor and microelectronics industry.

Wafer Inspection Systems

- 29xx Series (broadband plasma optical patterned wafer defect inspection systems)
- 39xx Series (super resolution broadband plasma optical patterned wafer defect inspection systems)
- 8 Series (high productivity defect inspection systems)
- CIRCL™ (all-surface patterned wafer defect inspection, metrology and review cluster systems)
- Puma™ 9xxx Series (laser scanning patterned wafer defect inspection systems)
- Surfscan® SPx Series (unpatterned wafer defect inspection systems)
- Voyager® (laser scanning patterned wafer defect inspection system)

Wafer Defect Review and Classification Systems

- eDR7xxx™ (electron-beam wafer defect review and classification system)

Reticle Inspection Systems

- FlashScan® Series (reticle blank defect inspection systems)
- Teron™ 6xx Series (reticle defect inspection systems for mask shop applications)
- Teron™ SL6xx Series (reticle defect inspection systems for IC fab applications)
- X5.x™ Series (reticle defect inspection systems for IC fab applications)

Wafer Metrology Systems

- Aleris® Series (optical film metrology systems)
- Archer™ Series (imaging-based overlay metrology systems)
- ATL™ Series (scatterometry-based overlay metrology systems)
- CAPRES CIPTech Series (magnetic metrology systems)
- CAPRES microHALL Series (electrical material metrology systems)
- CAPRES micro RSP Series (electrical material metrology systems)
- Filmetrics F-Series (film metrology)
- LMS IPRO Series (reticle pattern registration metrology systems)
- MicroSense Series (magnetic metrology systems)
- MicroSense (substrate dimensional wafer metrology systems)
- MicroSense (capacitive sensors for accurate position measurement)
- OmniMap® RS-200 (sheet resistance mapping system)
- PWG™ Series (patterned wafer geometry and nanotopography metrology systems)
- SpectraShape™ Series (optical critical dimension (CD) and shape metrology systems)
- SpectraFilm™ Series (optical film metrology systems)
- Therma-Probe® Series (ion implant and anneal metrology systems)
- WaferSight™ Series (bare wafer geometry and nanotopography metrology systems)

In Situ Process Monitoring

- SensArray® products (wireless and wired sensor wafers and reticles that capture the process environment on production wafers and reticles)

Packaging Manufacturing Inspection and Metrology Systems

- CIRCL™-AP (all-surface wafer defect inspection, metrology and review cluster systems)
- ICOS™ F16x Series (die sorting and inspection system)
- ICOS™ T3/T7/T8 Series (packaged IC inspection and metrology systems)
- Kronos™ Series (high productivity patterned wafer inspection system)
- MV9xxx™ Series (packaged IC inspection and metrology systems)
- Zeta 5xx/6xx (advanced packaging metrology systems)

LED, Power Device, Compound Semiconductor and MEMS Manufacturing

- 8 Series (high productivity patterned wafer inspection systems)
- Candela® 8720 (substrate and epi wafer inspection)
- Candela® CS920 (power device inspection system for SiC substrates and epi layers)
- Candela® 8520 (power device inspection system for SiC substrates and epi layers)
- Candela® CS20R (dual wafer inspection system)
- WI-2280 (multi-substrate defect inspection and metrology system)
- ZetaScan Series (defect inspection for large and irregularly shaped substrates)

Surface Metrology Tools

- Alpha-Step® Series (stylus profilers)
- Filmetrics Profilm3D (optical profilers)
- HRP® Series (stylus profilers)
- MicroXAM Series (optical profilers)
- Nanomechanical testers
- P-Series (stylus profilers)

- Zeta Series (optical profilers)

Data Storage Media/Head Manufacturing

- Candela® 71xx / 63xx (metrology and inspection for substrate and media)

Data Computation and Analytics

- 5D Analyzer® (patterning and process data analysis)
- FabVision® (substrate manufacturing data management)
- Klarity® (defect data analysis and management)
- LithoSuite (Lithography Data Analytics System)
- PlasmaSuite (Plasma Data Analytics System)
- ProDATA™ (process window analysis)
- PROLITH™ (virtual patterning)
- RDC (reticle data analysis and management)

Printed Circuit Board Manufacturing

- Nuvogo™ DI Series including Nuvogo™ Fine series (direct imaging for patterning)
- Paragon™ Ultra Series 300/200 (patterning laser direct imaging for ICS and AP applications)
- Orbotech Diamond™ Series (direct imaging for Solder Mask)
- Ultra Dimension™ AOI Series (automated optical inspection)
- Fusion™ AOI Series including Ultra Fusion™ and Fusion™ (automated optical inspection)
- Precise™ 800 AOS Solution (automated optical shaping)
- PerFix™ AOS Series including Ultra PerFix™ and PerFix™ (automated optical shaping)
- Sprint™ Inkjet Printer Series (inkjet / additive printing)
- Emerald™ 160 Series (UV laser drilling solutions for ICS)
- LP™ 9 Series (ultra-fast laser plotting)
- Orbotech Smart Factory™ (industry 4.0 conformant solution including DDV Pro, Dashboard Pro, Yield Advisor, 2D Metrology)
- Orbotech CAM & Engineering Software Solutions (integrated software products that automate the entire pre-production process for PCB manufacturing)

Flat Panel Display Manufacturing

- Orbotech Quantum™ series (automated optical inspection for flexible OLED and LCD displays)
- FPI-6000 (automated optical inspection)
- Array Checker™ series (electrical testing)
- Accelon (electrical testing)
- Orbotech Prism™ (repair for high-end TV displays and flexible OLED displays)
- Array Saver (repair)
- Orbotech OASIS (AI-driven software for yield enhancement)

SPTS Technologies – Advanced Wafer Processing Technologies for Semiconductor and Microelectronic Device manufacturers.

- Omega® Series Etch Systems (plasma etch)
- Mosaic™ System (plasma dicing)
- Primaxx® Series HF Vapor Release Etch
- Xactix® Series XeF₂ Release Etch
- Sigma® Series Deposition Systems (metal deposition)
- Molecular Vapor Deposition (MVD®) Series Systems
- Delta™ PECVD (plasma enhanced chemical vapor deposition)
- fxP® / c2L / LPX Series Wafer Handling Platforms

Metals included in the definition of “conflict minerals” are generally used throughout electronic components for purposes necessary to their functionality. Therefore, we believe that KLA products contain conflict minerals that are necessary to the products’ functionality.

Reasonable Country of Origin Inquiry

We conducted a reasonable country of origin inquiry on the conflict minerals that are necessary to the functionality or production of our products that we manufactured, or contracted to manufacture, during the reporting period.

We have worked with certain third-party service providers to contact the suppliers of components that potentially contain conflict minerals. We made reasonable efforts to determine the country of origin of the necessary conflict minerals used in the components these suppliers supplied to us for use in the products that we manufactured, or contracted to manufacture, during the reporting period. We have required these suppliers to provide conflict minerals use and sourcing information in the form of the RMI Conflict Minerals Reporting Template (the “Template”). Some suppliers provided responses with information for their company as a whole rather than the specific components that we purchase from them (referred to as the “declaration scope” within the Template). In those instances, the exact mapping of a supplier’s sourcing statements to our specific components was less certain. For example, if a supplier that manufactured many different components had produced only one component that contained necessary conflict minerals that were not found to be conflict-free, this would tend to also be the supplier’s conclusion at their company level, even if the vast majority of their other products were otherwise conflict-free.

Pursuant to the Rule, we undertook due diligence on the source and chain of custody of the necessary conflict minerals in our products that we had reason to believe, based on our suppliers’ responses, may have originated from the Covered Countries and may not have come from scrap or recycled sources.

Design of Conflict Minerals Program

We designed our conflict minerals program to be in conformance with the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (“OECD”) Due Diligence Guidance for Responsible Supply Chains of Minerals from Conflict-Affected and High-Risk Areas Third Edition and related Supplements on Tin, Tantalum and Tungsten and on Gold (collectively, the “OECD Guidance”). Summarized below are the design components of our conflict minerals program as they relate to the five-step framework set forth in the OECD Guidance.

1. Establish strong company management systems:
 - a. Publicly communicate our conflict minerals sourcing policy on our corporate website. Please see Section D of our Product Regulatory Compliance Guidelines under Supply Chain Product Compliance at <https://www.kla.com/company/supplier>. The content of any website referred to in this Conflict Minerals Report is included for general information only and is not incorporated by reference in this Conflict Minerals Report or in KLA’s Specialized Disclosure Report on Form SD.
 - b. Operate an internal management conflict minerals team led by our Corporate Procurement organization and supported by a cross-departmental team consisting of representatives of a number of internal groups, including Corporate Product Regulatory Compliance, Finance, Legal, Information Technology and Global Operations, as well as third-party service providers.
 - c. Hold regular meetings of our internal conflict minerals team and provide summaries of the status of the conflict minerals program to the Chief Financial Officer, Chief Accounting Officer, Chief Legal Officer, Senior Vice President of Global Operations and Head of Procurement (“Senior Management”).
 - d. Establish a system of controls and transparency over the mineral supply chain through the use of a third-party system and use recognized due diligence tools created by the RMI in the evaluation of supplier responses regarding smelters and refiners of necessary conflict minerals that may be used in our products.
 - e. Incorporate supply chain regulatory compliance requirements into our standard template for supplier contracts so that suppliers comply with our policy on conflict minerals.
 - f. Retain records in accordance with our internal record retention policy.

- g. Establish a hotline and website for use by employees, as well as third parties such as suppliers and customers, to report actual or suspected wrongdoing or other grievances and answer questions about business conduct, including reports or questions regarding our use of conflict minerals. The hotline and website are both operated by an independent third party, which provides tools to enable individuals to submit reports in a number of different languages and, where permitted by law, on an anonymous basis.
- 2. Identify and assess risks in our supply chain:
 - a. Identify the suppliers that provide components that potentially incorporate conflict minerals that are necessary to the functionality or production of our products that we manufactured, or contracted to manufacture.
 - b. Contact the suppliers of components that potentially contain conflict minerals and use the Template to capture the suppliers' responses.
 - c. Use reasonable efforts to determine the country of origin of the necessary conflict minerals used in the components our suppliers provided to us that are incorporated into the products that we manufactured, or contracted to manufacture, during the reporting period.
 - d. Contact the suppliers that did not respond to the Template request and request their responses.
 - e. Conduct due diligence on the source and chain of custody of the necessary conflict minerals in our products that we had reason to believe may have originated from the Covered Countries and may not have come from scrap or recycled sources. Compare responses provided against the list of smelters and refiners that have received a "conformant" designation from the RMAP. Document the country of origin information for the smelters and refiners identified by the supply chain responses using RMI data.
- 3. Design and Implement a strategy to respond to identified risks:
 - a. Verify smelters and refiners identified in response to the Template against the RMI list provided as part of our membership in the RMI.
 - b. Report our findings to our internal management conflict minerals team, outlining the information gathered and the actual and potential identified risks and any required action plans. The action plans will vary depending on the results of our due diligence efforts and the risks identified in any particular year.
 - c. Implement required action plans and report results to Senior Management.
- 4. Independent third-party audits of smelters and refiners sourcing:
 - a. Participate in the RMI and rely upon the results reported by RMI regarding audits of smelters and refiners.
 - b. Provide to RMI the smelters and refiners identified by our suppliers that are not on the RMI list.
- 5. Report on supply chain due diligence:
 - a. Report to the SEC annually our supply chain due diligence on a Form SD and conflict minerals report.
 - b. Publicly communicate our Form SD and conflict minerals report on our website at <http://ir.kla.com/financial-information/sec-filings>.

Due Diligence Performed

Our due diligence process consists of the systematic review and analysis of the responses that were provided to us by our suppliers, as well as communication and follow-up with our suppliers based on the results of our review, in an effort to identify the source and chain of custody of the conflict minerals necessary to our products. We initially screened supplier survey responses for completeness, accuracy and internal consistency. Where suppliers provided information that was incomplete or appeared incorrect, we sought additional data from such suppliers to clarify or correct the originally provided information. We compared the information provided by the suppliers' responses to the Template against our applicable internal component descriptions to confirm consistency between the various data sources regarding the presence of conflict minerals. In the case of conflict minerals that may have originated in the Covered Countries, we reviewed the data contained in the applicable responses to the Template against RMI data to make a determination about the country of origin of the conflict minerals or

about the related smelters and refiners. We used the RMI information to identify legitimate smelters and refiners and smelters and refiners that were either conformant to, or active in, or in communication with the RMAP. We reported our findings to our internal management conflict minerals team in monthly management review meetings outlining the information gathered and the actual and potential identified risks and any required action plans and actions taken against those plans.

Facilities Used to Process Necessary Conflict Minerals

Appendix A is a list of the entities that were identified by our suppliers as the smelters or refiners that process the necessary conflict minerals in the suppliers' products that either (a) are conformant with the RMI RMAP assessment (Section 1 of Appendix A) or (b) have been verified by RMI as smelters or refiners that are active in or are in communication with or require outreach to participate in the RMAP process assessment (Section 2 of Appendix A).

Since some of the declarations we received from our suppliers were at a company level (and not a component-specific level), we do not know with certainty that each smelter listed on Appendix A actually processed conflict minerals that were used in components we purchased. We also received responses from suppliers listing smelters or refiners that have not yet been verified as smelters or refiners by RMI. Additionally, we received responses that indicated that some conflict minerals were obtained from scrap or recycled sources.

Country of Origin of the Necessary Conflict Minerals

We compared the facilities used to process the necessary conflict minerals as identified by our suppliers against the country of origin information provided by the RMI for RMAP-conformant smelters and refiners and determined we have reason to believe that some of our necessary conflict minerals may have originated in the Covered Countries. The countries of origin of the necessary conflict minerals that may be in our products and are listed in the RMI for RMAP-conformant smelters and refiners may include Afghanistan, Albania, Angola, Argentina, Armenia, Australia, Austria, Belarus, Belgium, Bermuda, Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, Burundi, Cambodia, Canada, Central African Republic, Chile, China, Czech Republic, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, DRC or an adjoining country (Covered Countries), Ecuador, Egypt, England, Estonia, Ethiopia, Finland, France, Germany, Ghana, Guinea, Guyana, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Ivory Coast, Japan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kyrgyzstan, Laos, Liberia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malaysia, Mali, Mauritania, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Namibia, Netherlands, New Zealand, Niger, Nigeria, Papua New Guinea, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Republic Of Korea, Russia, Rwanda, Saudi Arabia, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Slovakia, Slovenia, South Africa, Spain, Suri, Suriname, Sweden, Switzerland, Tanzania, Thailand, Turkey, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom, United States of America, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Zambia, Zimbabwe.

Risk Mitigation/Improvements

The activities described above were intended to examine and mitigate the risk that our necessary conflict minerals benefited armed groups in the Covered Countries.

We made improvements over the previous reporting period by (a) continuing our membership in the RMI to obtain updated details regarding mines utilized by smelters conformant or not conformant with the RMAP; (b) identifying a greater percentage of smelters and refiners over that obtained in previous reporting periods; and (c) improving the training and resources made available to our suppliers via web-based access through our third-party; and (d) improving the identification of high risk smelters of concern, assessing the supplier relationship and encouraging the supplier to take appropriate actions to find alternate acceptable sources of supply.

Through our due diligence we have identified two smelters of concern regarding conflict minerals issues that were reported by certain suppliers.

- Kaloti Precious Metals - CID002563
- Tony Goetz NV - CID002587

These two smelters were identified by our process as high risk smelters of concern due to not being listed as conformant by RMI and other factors such as their proximity to the Covered Countries, lack of a conflict minerals process and/or their alleged

ties to human rights issues. In these cases, we have asked our suppliers to request that these smelters pursue certification with RMI or be removed from our supply chain. We do not source directly from these smelters of concern and because the conflict minerals information from many of these suppliers is presented as company-level responses (and not a component-specific level), it is uncertain that conflict minerals from these smelters are in our supply chain. Should these smelters decline to participate in an audit and our supplier refuses to remove these smelters from our supply chain, we will evaluate our relationship with that supplier and may explore alternatives.

We intend to take the following steps to further enhance our due diligence in future years: (a) improve our review of non-verified smelters and refiners; (b) work with suppliers to improve the accuracy and completeness of their responses; (c) continue our inclusion of new suppliers identified from new acquisitions; and (d) drive the sourcing of conflict free components in our design and engineering programs.

Forward-Looking Statements: Statements in this Conflict Minerals Report other than historical facts, such as statements regarding our intentions to investigate further details regarding mines utilized by smelters conformant with RMAP, improve our review of non-verified smelter and refiner names, work with our suppliers to improve the accuracy and completeness of their responses, and drive the sourcing of conflict free components in our design and engineering programs, are forward-looking statements, and are subject to the Safe Harbor provisions created by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements are based on current information and expectations, and involve a number of risks and uncertainties. Actual results may differ materially from those projected in such statements due to various factors, including but not limited to: our ability to use alternate suppliers; the inaccuracy of the information reported to us by our direct suppliers or industry information used by us; and the risk that smelters or refiners may not participate in the RMAP and that smelters listed as conformant by the RMAP does not necessarily mean that they were conformant for the whole reporting period and that some conformant statuses may have expired and that those smelters may/may not be in the process of a re-audit. For other factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those projected and anticipated in forward-looking statements in this Conflict Minerals Report, please refer to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2019, subsequently filed Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and other filings with the SEC (including, but not limited to, the risk factors described therein). The Company assumes no obligation to, and does not currently intend to, update these forward-looking statements, except as required by law.

Appendix A

Section 1. Smelters or refiners that are conformant with the RMI RMAP assessment as of March 31, 2020.

| Metal | Smelter Name | Smelter ID | Smelter Country |
|--------------|---|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Gold | 8853 S.p.A. | CID002763 | ITALY |
| Gold | Advanced Chemical Company | CID000015 | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Gold | Aida Chemical Industries Co., Ltd. | CID000019 | JAPAN |
| Gold | Al Etihad Gold Refinery DMCC | CID002560 | UNITED ARAB EMIRATES |
| Gold | Allgemeine Gold-und Silberscheideanstalt A.G. | CID000035 | GERMANY |
| Gold | Almalyk Mining and Metallurgical Complex (AMMC) | CID000041 | UZBEKISTAN |
| Gold | AngloGold Ashanti Corrego do Sitio Mineracao | CID000058 | BRAZIL |
| Gold | Argor-Heraeus S.A. | CID000077 | SWITZERLAND |
| Gold | Asahi Pretec Corp. | CID000082 | JAPAN |
| Gold | Asahi Refining Canada Ltd. | CID000924 | CANADA |
| Gold | Asahi Refining USA Inc. | CID000920 | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Gold | Asaka Riken Co., Ltd. | CID000090 | JAPAN |
| Gold | AU Traders and Refiners | CID002850 | SOUTH AFRICA |
| Gold | Aurubis AG | CID000113 | GERMANY |
| Gold | Bangalore Refinery | CID002863 | INDIA |
| Gold | Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (Central Bank of the Philippines) | CID000128 | PHILIPPINES |
| Gold | Boliden AB | CID000157 | SWEDEN |
| Gold | C. Hafner GmbH + Co. KG | CID000176 | GERMANY |
| Gold | CCR Refinery - Glencore Canada Corporation | CID000185 | CANADA |
| Gold | Cendres + Metaux S.A. | CID000189 | SWITZERLAND |
| Gold | Chimet S.p.A. | CID000233 | ITALY |
| Gold | Chugai Mining | CID000264 | JAPAN |
| Gold | DODUCO Contacts and Refining GmbH | CID000362 | GERMANY |
| Gold | Dowa | CID000401 | JAPAN |
| Gold | DS PRETECH Co., Ltd. | CID003195 | KOREA, REPUBLIC OF |
| Gold | DSC (Do Sung Corporation) | CID000359 | KOREA, REPUBLIC OF |
| Gold | Eco-System Recycling Co., Ltd. East Plant | CID000425 | JAPAN |
| Gold | Eco-System Recycling Co., Ltd. North Plant | CID003424 | JAPAN |
| Gold | Eco-System Recycling Co., Ltd. West Plant | CID003425 | JAPAN |
| Gold | Emirates Gold DMCC | CID002561 | UNITED ARAB EMIRATES |
| Gold | Geib Refining Corporation | CID002459 | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Gold | Gold Refinery of Zijin Mining Group Co., Ltd. | CID002243 | CHINA |
| Gold | Heimerle + Meule GmbH | CID000694 | GERMANY |
| Gold | Heraeus Metals Hong Kong Ltd. | CID000707 | CHINA |
| Gold | Heraeus Precious Metals GmbH & Co. KG | CID000711 | GERMANY |
| Gold | Inner Mongolia Qiankun Gold and Silver Refinery Share Co., Ltd. | CID000801 | CHINA |
| Gold | Ishifuku Metal Industry Co., Ltd. | CID000807 | JAPAN |
| Gold | Istanbul Gold Refinery | CID000814 | TURKEY |
| Gold | Italpreziosi | CID002765 | ITALY |

| Metal | Smelter Name | Smelter ID | Smelter Country |
|--------------|---|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Gold | Japan Mint | CID000823 | JAPAN |
| Gold | Jiangxi Copper Co., Ltd. | CID000855 | CHINA |
| Gold | JSC Uralelectromed | CID000929 | RUSSIAN FEDERATION |
| Gold | JX Nippon Mining & Metals Co., Ltd. | CID000937 | JAPAN |
| Gold | Kazzinc | CID000957 | KAZAKHSTAN |
| Gold | Kennecott Utah Copper LLC | CID000969 | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Gold | KGHM Polska Miedz Spolka Akcyjna | CID002511 | POLAND |
| Gold | Kojima Chemicals Co., Ltd. | CID000981 | JAPAN |
| Gold | Korea Zinc Co., Ltd. | CID002605 | KOREA, REPUBLIC OF |
| Gold | Kyrgyzaltyn JSC | CID001029 | KYRGYZSTAN |
| Gold | L'Orfebre S.A. | CID002762 | ANDORRA |
| Gold | LS-NIKKO Copper Inc. | CID001078 | KOREA, REPUBLIC OF |
| Gold | LT Metal Ltd. | CID000689 | KOREA, REPUBLIC OF |
| Gold | Marsam Metals | CID002606 | BRAZIL |
| Gold | Materion | CID001113 | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Gold | Matsuda Sangyo Co., Ltd. | CID001119 | JAPAN |
| Gold | Metalor Technologies (Hong Kong) Ltd. | CID001149 | CHINA |
| Gold | Metalor Technologies (Singapore) Pte., Ltd. | CID001152 | SINGAPORE |
| Gold | Metalor Technologies (Suzhou) Ltd. | CID001147 | CHINA |
| Gold | Metalor Technologies S.A. | CID001153 | SWITZERLAND |
| Gold | Metalor USA Refining Corporation | CID001157 | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Gold | Metalurgica Met-Mex Penoles S.A. De C.V. | CID001161 | MEXICO |
| Gold | Mitsubishi Materials Corporation | CID001188 | JAPAN |
| Gold | Mitsui Mining and Smelting Co., Ltd. | CID001193 | JAPAN |
| Gold | MMTC-PAMP India Pvt., Ltd. | CID002509 | INDIA |
| Gold | Moscow Special Alloys Processing Plant | CID001204 | RUSSIAN FEDERATION |
| Gold | Nadir Metal Rafineri San. Ve Tic. A.S. | CID001220 | TURKEY |
| Gold | Nihon Material Co., Ltd. | CID001259 | JAPAN |
| Gold | Ogussa Osterreichische Gold- und Silber-Scheideanstalt GmbH | CID002779 | AUSTRIA |
| Gold | Ohura Precious Metal Industry Co., Ltd. | CID001325 | JAPAN |
| Gold | OJSC "The Gulidov Krasnoyarsk Non-Ferrous Metals Plant" (OJSC Krastsvetmet) | CID001326 | RUSSIAN FEDERATION |
| Gold | OJSC Novosibirsk Refinery | CID000493 | RUSSIAN FEDERATION |
| Gold | PAMP S.A. | CID001352 | SWITZERLAND |
| Gold | Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA | CID002919 | CHILE |
| Gold | Prioksky Plant of Non-Ferrous Metals | CID001386 | RUSSIAN FEDERATION |
| Gold | PT Aneka Tambang (Persero) Tbk | CID001397 | INDONESIA |
| Gold | PX Precinox S.A. | CID001498 | SWITZERLAND |
| Gold | Rand Refinery (Pty) Ltd. | CID001512 | SOUTH AFRICA |
| Gold | REMONDIS PMR B.V. | CID002582 | NETHERLANDS |
| Gold | Royal Canadian Mint | CID001534 | CANADA |
| Gold | SAAMP | CID002761 | FRANCE |
| Gold | Safimet S.p.A | CID002973 | ITALY |

| Metal | Smelter Name | Smelter ID | Smelter Country |
|--------------|--|-------------------|---------------------------|
| Gold | Samduck Precious Metals | CID001555 | KOREA, REPUBLIC OF |
| Gold | SAXONIA Edelmetalle GmbH | CID002777 | GERMANY |
| Gold | SEMPSA Joyeria Plateria S.A. | CID001585 | SPAIN |
| Gold | Shandong Zhaojin Gold & Silver Refinery Co., Ltd. | CID001622 | CHINA |
| Gold | Sichuan Tianze Precious Metals Co., Ltd. | CID001736 | CHINA |
| Gold | Singway Technology Co., Ltd. | CID002516 | TAIWAN, PROVINCE OF CHINA |
| Gold | SOE Shyolkovsky Factory of Secondary Precious Metals | CID001756 | RUSSIAN FEDERATION |
| Gold | Solar Applied Materials Technology Corp. | CID001761 | TAIWAN, PROVINCE OF CHINA |
| Gold | Sumitomo Metal Mining Co., Ltd. | CID001798 | JAPAN |
| Gold | SungEel HiMetal Co., Ltd. | CID002918 | KOREA, REPUBLIC OF |
| Gold | T.C.A S.p.A | CID002580 | ITALY |
| Gold | Tanaka Kikinzoku Kogyo K.K. | CID001875 | JAPAN |
| Gold | The Refinery of Shandong Gold Mining Co., Ltd. | CID001916 | CHINA |
| Gold | Tokuriki Honten Co., Ltd. | CID001938 | JAPAN |
| Gold | TOO Tau-Ken-Altyn | CID002615 | KAZAKHSTAN |
| Gold | Torecom | CID001955 | KOREA, REPUBLIC OF |
| Gold | Umicore Brasil Ltda. | CID001977 | BRAZIL |
| Gold | Umicore Precious Metals Thailand | CID002314 | THAILAND |
| Gold | Umicore S.A. Business Unit Precious Metals Refining | CID001980 | BELGIUM |
| Gold | United Precious Metal Refining, Inc. | CID001993 | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Gold | Valcambi S.A. | CID002003 | SWITZERLAND |
| Gold | Western Australian Mint (T/a The Perth Mint) | CID002030 | AUSTRALIA |
| Gold | WIELAND Edelmetalle GmbH | CID002778 | GERMANY |
| Gold | Yamakin Co., Ltd. | CID002100 | JAPAN |
| Gold | Yokohama Metal Co., Ltd. | CID002129 | JAPAN |
| Gold | Zhongyuan Gold Smelter of Zhongjin Gold Corporation | CID002224 | CHINA |
| Tantalum | Asaka Riken Co., Ltd. | CID000092 | JAPAN |
| Tantalum | Changsha South Tantalum Niobium Co., Ltd. | CID000211 | CHINA |
| Tantalum | D Block Metals, LLC | CID002504 | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Tantalum | Exotech Inc. | CID000456 | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Tantalum | F&X Electro-Materials Ltd. | CID000460 | CHINA |
| Tantalum | FIR Metals & Resource Ltd. | CID002505 | CHINA |
| Tantalum | Global Advanced Metals Aizu | CID002558 | JAPAN |
| Tantalum | Global Advanced Metals Boyertown | CID002557 | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Tantalum | Guangdong Zhiyuan New Material Co., Ltd. | CID000616 | CHINA |
| Tantalum | H.C. Starck Co., Ltd. | CID002544 | THAILAND |
| Tantalum | H.C. Starck Hermsdorf GmbH | CID002547 | GERMANY |
| Tantalum | H.C. Starck Inc. | CID002548 | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Tantalum | H.C. Starck Ltd. | CID002549 | JAPAN |
| Tantalum | H.C. Starck Smelting GmbH & Co. KG | CID002550 | GERMANY |
| Tantalum | H.C. Starck Tantalum and Niobium GmbH | CID002545 | GERMANY |
| Tantalum | Hengyang King Xing Lifeng New Materials Co., Ltd. | CID002492 | CHINA |
| Tantalum | Jiangxi Dinghai Tantalum & Niobium Co., Ltd. | CID002512 | CHINA |
| Tantalum | Jiangxi Tuohong New Raw Material | CID002842 | CHINA |

| Metal | Smelter Name | Smelter ID | Smelter Country |
|--------------|---|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| Tantalum | JiuJiang JinXin Nonferrous Metals Co., Ltd. | CID000914 | CHINA |
| Tantalum | Jiujiang Tanbre Co., Ltd. | CID000917 | CHINA |
| Tantalum | Jiujiang Zhongao Tantalum & Niobium Co., Ltd. | CID002506 | CHINA |
| Tantalum | KEMET Blue Metals | CID002539 | MEXICO |
| Tantalum | LSM Brasil S.A. | CID001076 | BRAZIL |
| Tantalum | Metallurgical Products India Pvt., Ltd. | CID001163 | INDIA |
| Tantalum | Mineracao Taboca S.A. | CID001175 | BRAZIL |
| Tantalum | Mitsui Mining and Smelting Co., Ltd. | CID001192 | JAPAN |
| Tantalum | Ningxia Orient Tantalum Industry Co., Ltd. | CID001277 | CHINA |
| Tantalum | NPM Silmet AS | CID001200 | ESTONIA |
| Tantalum | PRG Doeel | CID002847 | NORTH MACEDONIA, REPUBLIC OF |
| Tantalum | QuantumClean | CID001508 | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Tantalum | Resind Industria e Comercio Ltda. | CID002707 | BRAZIL |
| Tantalum | Solikamsk Magnesium Works OAO | CID001769 | RUSSIAN FEDERATION |
| Tantalum | Taki Chemical Co., Ltd. | CID001869 | JAPAN |
| Tantalum | Telex Metals | CID001891 | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Tantalum | Ulba Metallurgical Plant JSC | CID001969 | KAZAKHSTAN |
| Tantalum | XinXing HaoRong Electronic Material Co., Ltd. | CID002508 | CHINA |
| Tantalum | Yanling Jincheng Tantalum & Niobium Co., Ltd. | CID001522 | CHINA |
| Tin | Alpha | CID000292 | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Tin | Chenzhou Yunxiang Mining and Metallurgy Co., Ltd. | CID000228 | CHINA |
| Tin | Chifeng Dajingzi Tin Industry Co., Ltd. | CID003190 | CHINA |
| Tin | China Tin Group Co., Ltd. | CID001070 | CHINA |
| Tin | Dowa | CID000402 | JAPAN |
| Tin | EM Vinto | CID000438 | BOLIVIA (PLURINATIONAL STATE OF) |
| Tin | Fenix Metals | CID000468 | POLAND |
| Tin | Gejiu Kai Meng Industry and Trade LLC | CID000942 | CHINA |
| Tin | Gejiu Non-Ferrous Metal Processing Co., Ltd. | CID000538 | CHINA |
| Tin | Gejiu Yunxin Nonferrous Electrolysis Co., Ltd. | CID001908 | CHINA |
| Tin | Gejiu Zili Mining And Metallurgy Co., Ltd. | CID000555 | CHINA |
| Tin | Guangdong Hanhe Non-Ferrous Metal Co., Ltd. | CID003116 | CHINA |
| Tin | Guanyang Guida Nonferrous Metal Smelting Plant | CID002849 | CHINA |
| Tin | HuiChang Hill Tin Industry Co., Ltd. | CID002844 | CHINA |
| Tin | Huichang Jinshunda Tin Co., Ltd. | CID000760 | CHINA |
| Tin | Jiangxi New Nanshan Technology Ltd. | CID001231 | CHINA |
| Tin | Luna Smelter, Ltd. | CID003387 | RWANDA |
| Tin | Ma'anshan Weitai Tin Co., Ltd. | CID003379 | CHINA |
| Tin | Magnu's Minerai's Metais e Ligas Ltda. | CID002468 | BRAZIL |
| Tin | Malaysia Smelting Corporation (MSC) | CID001105 | MALAYSIA |
| Tin | Melt Metais e Ligas S.A. | CID002500 | BRAZIL |
| Tin | Metallic Resources, Inc. | CID001142 | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Tin | Metallo Belgium N.V. | CID002773 | BELGIUM |

| Metal | Smelter Name | Smelter ID | Smelter Country |
|--------------|---|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| Tin | Metallo Spain S.L.U. | CID002774 | SPAIN |
| Tin | Mineracao Taboca S.A. | CID001173 | BRAZIL |
| Tin | Minsur | CID001182 | PERU |
| Tin | Mitsubishi Materials Corporation | CID001191 | JAPAN |
| Tin | O.M. Manufacturing (Thailand) Co., Ltd. | CID001314 | THAILAND |
| Tin | O.M. Manufacturing Philippines, Inc. | CID002517 | PHILIPPINES |
| Tin | Operaciones Metalurgicas S.A. | CID001337 | BOLIVIA (PLURINATIONAL STATE OF) |
| Tin | PT Artha Cipta Langgeng | CID001399 | INDONESIA |
| Tin | PT ATD Makmur Mandiri Jaya | CID002503 | INDONESIA |
| Tin | PT Menara Cipta Mulia | CID002835 | INDONESIA |
| Tin | PT Mitra Stania Prima | CID001453 | INDONESIA |
| Tin | PT Refined Bangka Tin | CID001460 | INDONESIA |
| Tin | PT Timah Tbk Kundur | CID001477 | INDONESIA |
| Tin | PT Timah Tbk Mentok | CID001482 | INDONESIA |
| Tin | Resind Industria e Comercio Ltda. | CID002706 | BRAZIL |
| Tin | Rui Da Hung | CID001539 | TAIWAN, PROVINCE OF CHINA |
| Tin | Soft Metais Ltda. | CID001758 | BRAZIL |
| Tin | Thai Nguyen Mining and Metallurgy Co., Ltd. | CID002834 | VIET NAM |
| Tin | Thaisarco | CID001898 | THAILAND |
| Tin | Tin Technology & Refining | CID003325 | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Tin | White Solder Metalurgia e Mineracao Ltda. | CID002036 | BRAZIL |
| Tin | Yunnan Chengfeng Non-ferrous Metals Co., Ltd. | CID002158 | CHINA |
| Tin | Yunnan Tin Company Limited | CID002180 | CHINA |
| Tin | Yunnan Yunfan Non-ferrous Metals Co., Ltd. | CID003397 | CHINA |
| Tungsten | A.L.M.T. Corp. | CID000004 | JAPAN |
| Tungsten | ACL Metais Eireli | CID002833 | BRAZIL |
| Tungsten | Asia Tungsten Products Vietnam Ltd. | CID002502 | VIET NAM |
| Tungsten | Chenzhou Diamond Tungsten Products Co., Ltd. | CID002513 | CHINA |
| Tungsten | Chongyi Zhangyuan Tungsten Co., Ltd. | CID000258 | CHINA |
| Tungsten | Fujian Ganmin RareMetal Co., Ltd. | CID003401 | CHINA |
| Tungsten | Fujian Jinxin Tungsten Co., Ltd. | CID000499 | CHINA |
| Tungsten | Ganzhou Haichuang Tungsten Co., Ltd. | CID002645 | CHINA |
| Tungsten | Ganzhou Huaxing Tungsten Products Co., Ltd. | CID000875 | CHINA |
| Tungsten | Ganzhou Jiangwu Ferrotungsten Co., Ltd. | CID002315 | CHINA |
| Tungsten | Ganzhou Seadragon W & Mo Co., Ltd. | CID002494 | CHINA |
| Tungsten | Global Tungsten & Powders Corp. | CID000568 | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Tungsten | Guangdong Xianglu Tungsten Co., Ltd. | CID000218 | CHINA |
| Tungsten | H.C. Starck Smelting GmbH & Co. KG | CID002542 | GERMANY |
| Tungsten | H.C. Starck Tungsten GmbH | CID002541 | GERMANY |
| Tungsten | Hunan Chenzhou Mining Co., Ltd. | CID000766 | CHINA |
| Tungsten | Hunan Chuangda Vanadium Tungsten Co., Ltd. Wuji | CID002579 | CHINA |
| Tungsten | Hunan Chunchang Nonferrous Metals Co., Ltd. | CID000769 | CHINA |

| Metal | Smelter Name | Smelter ID | Smelter Country |
|--------------|---|-------------------|---------------------------|
| Tungsten | Hunan Litian Tungsten Industry Co., Ltd. | CID003182 | CHINA |
| Tungsten | Hydrometallurg, JSC | CID002649 | RUSSIAN FEDERATION |
| Tungsten | Japan New Metals Co., Ltd. | CID000825 | JAPAN |
| Tungsten | Jiangwu H.C. Starck Tungsten Products Co., Ltd. | CID002551 | CHINA |
| Tungsten | Jiangxi Gan Bei Tungsten Co., Ltd. | CID002321 | CHINA |
| Tungsten | Jiangxi Tonggu Non-ferrous Metallurgical & Chemical Co., Ltd. | CID002318 | CHINA |
| Tungsten | Jiangxi Xinsheng Tungsten Industry Co., Ltd. | CID002317 | CHINA |
| Tungsten | Jiangxi Yaosheng Tungsten Co., Ltd. | CID002316 | CHINA |
| Tungsten | Kennametal Fallon | CID000966 | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Tungsten | Kennametal Huntsville | CID000105 | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Tungsten | KGETS Co., Ltd. | CID003388 | KOREA, REPUBLIC OF |
| Tungsten | Lianyou Metals Co., Ltd. | CID003407 | TAIWAN, PROVINCE OF CHINA |
| Tungsten | Malipo Haiyu Tungsten Co., Ltd. | CID002319 | CHINA |
| Tungsten | Masan Tungsten Chemical LLC (MTC) | CID002543 | VIET NAM |
| Tungsten | Moliren Ltd. | CID002845 | RUSSIAN FEDERATION |
| Tungsten | Niagara Refining LLC | CID002589 | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Tungsten | Philippine Chuangxin Industrial Co., Inc. | CID002827 | PHILIPPINES |
| Tungsten | Tejing (Vietnam) Tungsten Co., Ltd. | CID001889 | VIET NAM |
| Tungsten | Unecha Refractory metals plant | CID002724 | RUSSIAN FEDERATION |
| Tungsten | Wolfram Bergbau und Hutten AG | CID002044 | AUSTRIA |
| Tungsten | Woltech Korea Co., Ltd. | CID002843 | KOREA, REPUBLIC OF |
| Tungsten | Xiamen Tungsten (H.C.) Co., Ltd. | CID002320 | CHINA |
| Tungsten | Xiamen Tungsten Co., Ltd. | CID002082 | CHINA |
| Tungsten | Xinfeng Huarui Tungsten & Molybdenum New Material Co., Ltd. | CID002830 | CHINA |
| Tungsten | Xinhai Rendan Shaoguan Tungsten Co., Ltd. | CID002095 | CHINA |

Section 2. Smelters or refiners that have been verified by RMI as smelters or refiners and are active in or in communication with or require outreach to participate in the RMI RMAP process as of March 31, 2020.

| Metal | Smelter Name | Smelter ID | Smelter Country |
|--------------|--|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Gold | African Gold Refinery | CID003185 | UGANDA |
| Gold | CGR Metalloys Pvt Ltd. | CID003382 | INDIA |
| Gold | Daye Non-Ferrous Metals Mining Ltd. | CID000343 | CHINA |
| Gold | Degussa Sonne / Mond Goldhandel GmbH | CID002867 | GERMANY |
| Gold | Dijllah Gold Refinery FZC | CID003348 | UNITED ARAB EMIRATES |
| Gold | Fujairah Gold FZC | CID002584 | UNITED ARAB EMIRATES |
| Gold | GCC Gujrat Gold Centre Pvt. Ltd. | CID002852 | INDIA |
| Gold | Gold Coast Refinery | CID003186 | GHANA |
| Gold | Great Wall Precious Metals Co., Ltd. of CBPM | CID001909 | CHINA |
| Gold | Guangdong Jinding Gold Limited | CID002312 | CHINA |
| Gold | Guoda Safina High-Tech Environmental Refinery Co., Ltd. | CID000651 | CHINA |
| Gold | Hangzhou Fuchunjiang Smelting Co., Ltd. | CID000671 | CHINA |
| Gold | Hunan Chenzhou Mining Co., Ltd. | CID000767 | CHINA |
| Gold | Hunan Guiyang yinxing Nonferrous Smelting Co., Ltd. | CID000773 | CHINA |
| Gold | International Precious Metal Refiners | CID002562 | UNITED ARAB EMIRATES |
| Gold | JALAN & Company | CID002893 | INDIA |
| Gold | Kazakhmys Smelting LLC | CID000956 | KAZAKHSTAN |
| Gold | Kundan Care Products Ltd. | CID003463 | INDIA |
| Gold | Kyshtym Copper-Electrolytic Plant ZAO | CID002865 | RUSSIAN FEDERATION |
| Gold | Lingbao Gold Co., Ltd. | CID001056 | CHINA |
| Gold | Lingbao Jinyuan Tonghui Refinery Co., Ltd. | CID001058 | CHINA |
| Gold | Luoyang Zijin Yinhui Gold Refinery Co., Ltd. | CID001093 | CHINA |
| Gold | Navoi Mining and Metallurgical Combinat | CID001236 | UZBEKISTAN |
| Gold | Pease & Curren | CID002872 | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Gold | Penglai Penggang Gold Industry Co., Ltd. | CID001362 | CHINA |
| Gold | QG Refining, LLC | CID003324 | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Gold | Refinery of Seemine Gold Co., Ltd. | CID000522 | CHINA |
| Gold | Sabin Metal Corp. | CID001546 | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Gold | SAFINA A.S. | CID002290 | CZECH REPUBLIC |
| Gold | Sai Refinery | CID002853 | INDIA |
| Gold | Shandong Humon Smelting Co., Ltd. | CID002525 | CHINA |
| Gold | Shandong Tiancheng Biological Gold Industrial Co., Ltd. | CID001619 | CHINA |
| Gold | Shirpur Gold Refinery Ltd. | CID002588 | INDIA |
| Gold | Sovereign Metals | CID003383 | INDIA |
| Gold | State Research Institute Center for Physical Sciences and Technology | CID003153 | LITHUANIA |
| Gold | Sudan Gold Refinery | CID002567 | SUDAN |
| Gold | Tongling Nonferrous Metals Group Co., Ltd. | CID001947 | CHINA |
| Gold | Yunnan Copper Industry Co., Ltd. | CID000197 | CHINA |
| Tantalum | CP Metals Inc. | CID003402 | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Tin | An Vinh Joint Stock Mineral Processing Company | CID002703 | VIET NAM |
| Tin | Estanho de Rondonia S.A. | CID000448 | BRAZIL |
| Tin | Gejiu City Fuxiang Industry and Trade Co., Ltd. | CID003410 | CHINA |
| Tin | Nghe Tinh Non-Ferrous Metals Joint Stock Company | CID002573 | VIET NAM |
| Tin | Precious Minerals and Smelting Limited | CID003409 | INDIA |

| Metal | Smelter Name | Smelter ID | Smelter Country |
|--------------|--|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Tin | Super Ligas | CID002756 | BRAZIL |
| Tin | Tuyen Quang Non-Ferrous Metals Joint Stock Company | CID002574 | VIET NAM |
| Tungsten | Albasteel Industria e Comercio de Ligas Para Fundicao Ltd. | CID003427 | BRAZIL |
| Tungsten | China Molybdenum Co., Ltd. | CID002641 | CHINA |
| Tungsten | CNMC (Guangxi) PGMA Co., Ltd. | CID000281 | CHINA |
| Tungsten | CP Metals Inc. | CID003448 | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Tungsten | GEM Co., Ltd. | CID003417 | CHINA |
| Tungsten | Jiangxi Xianglu Tungsten Co., Ltd. | CID002647 | CHINA |
| Tungsten | JSC "Kirovgrad Hard Alloys Plant" | CID003408 | RUSSIAN FEDERATION |
| Tungsten | NPP Tyazhmetprom LLC | CID003416 | RUSSIAN FEDERATION |